

Office of Community-Based Care Transition

May 3, 2022
Senate Select Committee on Child Protective Services



 Office of Community-Based Care Transition (OCBCT) Structure, Roles, and Responsibilities

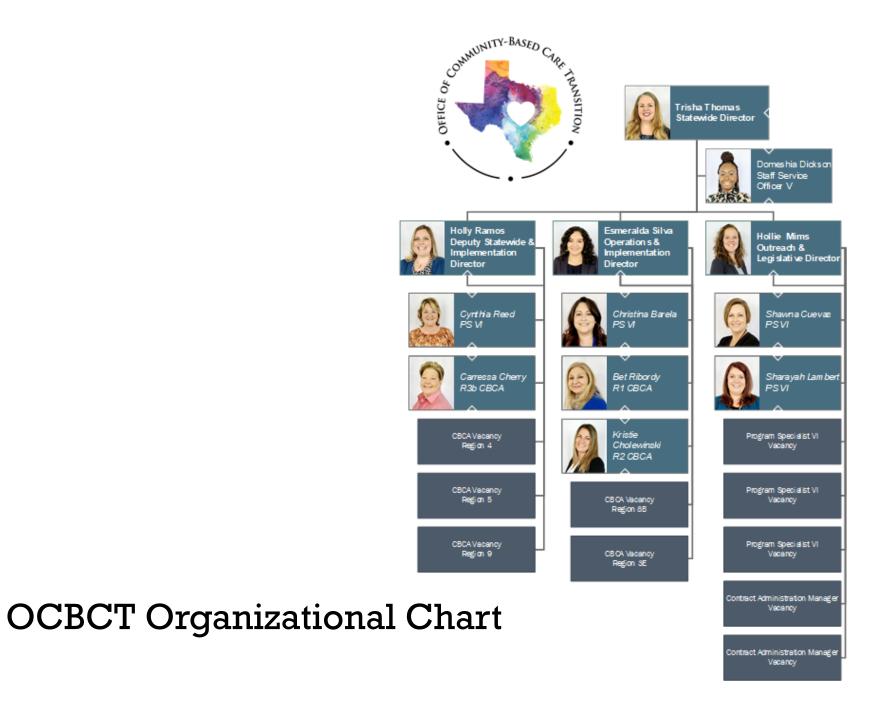
- Single Source Continuum Contractor (SSCC) Updates
- Community-Based Care Updates





Office of Community-Based Care Transition

- With SB1896 a new Office of Community-Based Care Transition was created
- Statewide CBC Director in June 2021 appointed
- Reports to the Governor
- Setting up new independent office structure (that is administratively attached to DFPS) along with reviewing what has been done to better implement Community-Based Care (CBC)





Community-Based Care Roles and Responsibilities

DFPS and OCBCT have worked to clearly delineate the duties of staff that develop, procure, and provide oversight for community-based care and facilitate implementation, and those duties required to remain with DFPS regarding compliance with federal and state law.

- The Department of Family and Protective Services (DFPS) is the state agency solely responsible for administering the federal Title IV-E foster care program. (Tex. Human Res. Code § 40.002) Every child in the Texas foster care system is under the conservatorship of DFPS.
- The Office of Community-Based Care Transition (OCBCT) is responsible for implementation of community-based care. OCBCT is "state agency independent of but administratively attached" to DFPS. (Tex. Fam. Code § 264.172)



Community-Based Care: Roles and Responsibilities

DFPS maintains a critical role in supporting the work the OCBCT, as well as having both a collaborative and at times independent role, in furthering and maintaining Community-Based Care.

These key actions heavily involve DFPS supports through:

- Contract Oversight and Support (COS) division and contract administration managers (CAMs). The CAMS ensure each SSCC implements the CBC model in compliance with applicable state and federal rules and regulations, monitors the quality of SSCC contract performance, and address performance issues through appropriate contract actions.
- Case Management Oversight (CMO) staff, as required by Title IV-E, provide direct training and technical assistance to support best practice in SSCC programs and to ensure placement and other actions meet federal requirements.

DFPS provides administrative support to OCBCT for budget, forecasting, legal, personnel, information technology and data supports.

DFPS Foster Care Litigation Compliance Team works directly with SSCCs on all matters relating to the federal foster care injunction regarding compliance on all issues covered by Court's remedial orders.



Community-Based Care: Collaboration

DFPS and OCBCT collaborated to define roles and responsibilities to support the implementation of community-based care within the parameters of federal and state oversight requirements.

- OCBCT staff develop, procure, and facilitate implementation. To perform this task, OCBCT engages in outreach to support SSCCs, establish partnership with communities, and streamline processes.
- DFPS staff provide oversight of the community-based care areas to ensure the safety, permanency, and well-being of each youth in foster care in accordance with the terms of the DFPS contract.
- DFPS and OCBCT developed a reporting and information sharing process. DFPS COS staff communicate ongoing enforcement actions with the OCBCT for performance evaluation in accordance with SB 1896

DFPS and OCBCT identified supports for simultaneous roll-outs and an expedited CBC timeline.

- OCBCT reorganized staff structure to expedite implementation and streamline processes.
- DFPS and OCBCT are in the process of developing Legislative Appropriations Request (LAR) to include additional program support (FTEs) to further accelerate the rollout of community-based care for the FY 24-25 biennium.



What is Community-Based Care

- SB 1896 redefined Community-Based Care as the provision of child welfare services in accordance with state and federal child welfare goals by a community-based nonprofit or local governmental entity under contract that includes direct case management to:
 - a) prevent entry into foster care;
 - b) reunify and preserve families;
 - c) ensure child safety, permanency, and well-being; and
 - d) reduce future referrals of children or parents to the department.
- A community-based approach to meet the unique & individual needs of children, youth, & families.



Current Stage Implementation



Stage I

- The provision of paid foster care placement services
- Includes
 Adoption
 recruitment,
 PAL, and
 Licensing
 Kinship and
 ICPC homes



Stage II

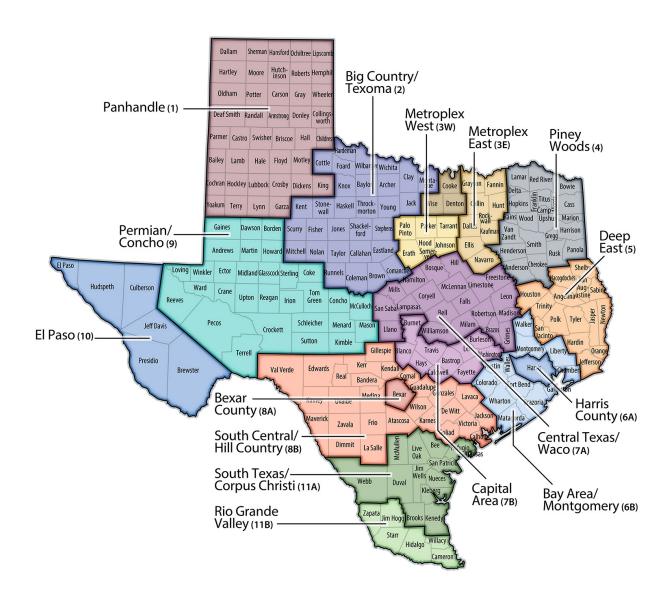
 The provision of substitute care placement, case management and reunification services



Stage III

The provision of services outlined in Stage I and II; and holding the SSCC financially accountable through the use of incentives and remedies

CBC/Regional Area Names





Current SSCC Updates

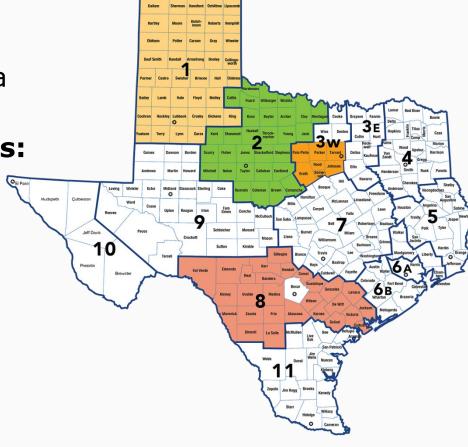
 Our Community, Our Kids (OCOK): Metroplex West (3W)

2INgage: Big Country and Texoma
 (2)

Saint Francis Ministries of Texas:

Panhandle (1)

 Belong: South Central and Hill Country (8b)





OCOK- Metroplex West (3W)

Timeline:

- November 8, 2013: DFPS awarded CBC contract to ACH Family Services
- September 1, 2014: DFPS launches Foster
 Care Redesign Initiative with ACH Family
 Services. A division of ACH was developed,
 OCOK, to assume responsibility of foster
 care in the region
- March 21, 2017: DFPS renews contract with ACH Family Services
- September 1, 2019: DFPS extends contract with ACH
- March 1, 2020: Stage II Go-Live



OCOK: FY22 Year-To-Date Performance – Children in Conservatorship (Stage II)

Performance Outcome	Indicator	Baseline FY18-19	FY20 ¹	FY21	FY22 Q1
Safety	Safe in foster care	100%	99.0%	97.6%	99.8%
Placement Stability	Foster care placements per child ²	1.46 (Q1: 1.16)	1.47	1.52	1.17
Least Restrictive Placement	Percent placement days in a home setting	83.2%	84.4%	83.0%	82.1%
Placement Proximity	Placed within 50 miles	73.2%	77.7%	72.0%	71.0
Maintaining Connections	Sibling groups placed together in foster care	65.9%	67.3%	63.0%	62.3%
Maintaining Connections	Children Placed with Kin at 60 Days ³	19.2%	21.6%	26.1%	-
Youth are fully prepared for adulthood	Illrning 1x Vears old completing PAI		81.1%	91.8%	87.0%

OCOK transitioned to Stage I in FY15.

Data Source: March 31, 2022 Rider 15 Report

¹ FY20 was a transition year- OCOK transitioned to Stage II in FY20 Q3.

² Partial-year data are not comparable to full-year data for Placement Stability.

³ Kinship measure is delayed by one quarter.



2INgage- Big Country and Texoma (2)

Timeline:

- May 29, 2018: DFPS awarded CBC contract to 2INgage, a new partnership between Texas Family Initiative LLC and New Horizons Ranch and Center Inc.
- January 1, 2019: Stage I Go-Live
 - Beginning in January 2020, a variety of readiness activities were conducted to prepare for the transition to CBC Stage II.
- June 1, 2020: Stage II Go-Live



2INgage: FY22 Year-To-Date Performance – Children in Conservatorship (Stage II)

Performance Outcome	Indicator	Baseline (FY17-18 Avg)	FY20 ¹	FY21	FY22 Q1
Safety	Safe in foster care		98.9%	99.1%	100%
Placement Stability	Foster care placements per child ²	1.40 (Q1: 1.14)	1.34	1.43	1.14
Least Restrictive Placement	Percent placement days in a home setting	87.8%	87.7%	88.6%	88.5%
Placement Proximity	Placed within 50 miles	46.9%	45.0%	38.8%	39.7%
Maintaining Connections	Sibling groups placed together in foster care	67.3%	62.4%	60.4%	63.0%
	Children Placed with Kin at 60 days ³	47.0%	50.1%	46.6%	-
Youth are fully prepared for adulthood	Illirning 1X years old completing PAI		88.7%	100.0%	100%

2INgage transitioned to Stage I in FY19.

Data Source: March 31, 2022 Rider 15 Report

¹ FY20 was a transition year- 2INgage transitioned to Stage II in FY20 Q4.

² Partial-year data are not comparable to full-year data for Placement Stability.

³ Kinship measure is delayed by one quarter.



Saint Francis-Panhandle (1)

Timeline:

- June 13, 2019: DFPS awarded CBC contract to St. Francis Ministries of Texas
- January 6, 2020: Stage I Go-Live
 - Beginning in September 2021, a variety of readiness activities were conducted to prepare for the transition to CBC Stage II.
- March 2, 2022: Stage II Go-Live



Saint Francis: FY22 Year-To-Date Performance – Children in Paid Care (Stage I)

Performance Outcome	Indicator	Baseline (FY18-19 Avg)	FY21	FY22 Q1
Safety	Safe in foster care 100%		97.8%	99.6%
Placement Stability	Foster care placements per child ¹	1.48 (Q1: 1.16)	1.59	1.19
Least Restrictive Placement	Percent foster care days in a foster home	68.8%	69.2%	69.5%
Placement Proximity	Placed within 50 miles	44.6%	43.0%	42.4%
Maintaining Connections	Sibling groups placed together in foster care	61.2%	62.4%	64.6%
Youth are fully prepared for adulthood	Turning 18 years old completing PAL	92.2%	92.5%	83.3%

Saint Francis transitioned to Stage I in FY20.

Data Source: March 31, 2022 Rider 15 Report

¹ Partial-year data are not comparable to full-year data for Placement Stability.



Belong-South Central and Hill Country (8b)

Timeline:

- April 1, 2021: DFPS Awarded CBC contract to BELONG, a division of St. Jude's Ranch for Children-Texas Region, INC. dba SJRC Texas
- October 27, 2021: Stage I Go-Live
- April 2022: Begin Stage II Readiness

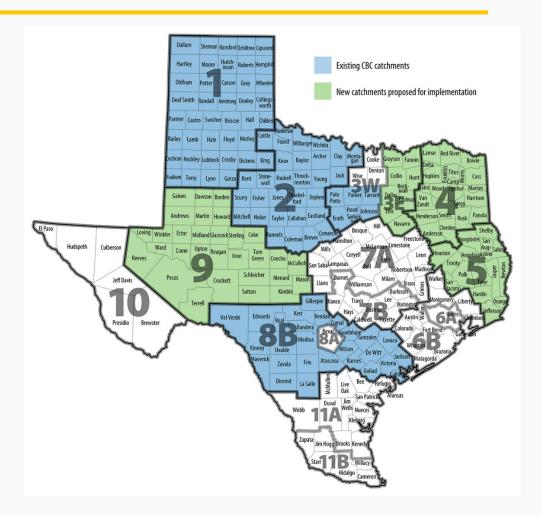




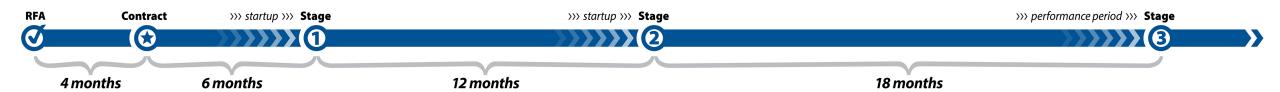
CBC Implementation and Other Updates

New RFA Areas

- Open/Unsolicited Bids SB1896
- RFAs



FY 22-23 CBC Estimated Timeline							
Catalanaant	DEA Dalagas	Courture at Assessed	Chart Ha Chara I	Charal	Chart IIIa Chara II	Chana II	Ctoro III
<u>Catchment</u>	RFA Release	Contract Award	Start-Up Stage I	Stage I	Start-Up Stage II	Stage II	Stage III
3E/Metro. East							
	4/2022	8/1/2022	8/1/2022	2/1/2023	9/1/2023	2/1/2024	8/1/2025
4/Piney Woods							
	4/2022	8/1/2022	9/1/2022	3/1/2023	9/1/2023	3/1/2024	9/1/2025
5/Deep East							
	4/2022	8/1/2022	9/1/2022	3/1/2023	9/1/2023	3/1/2024	9/1/2025
9/Permian							
Concho	4/2022	8/1/2022	11/1/2022	5/1/2023	11/1/2023	5/1/2024	11/1/2025





Senate Bill 1896, 264.172

The Office shall:

- 1. Assess catchment areas in this state where community-based care services may be implemented;
- 2. Develop a plan for implementing community-based care in each catchment area in this state, including the order in which community-based care will be implemented in each catchment area and a timeline for implementation;
- 3. Evaluate community-based care providers;



Senate Bill 1896, continued

- 4. Contract, on behalf of the department, with community-based care providers to provide services in each catchment area in this state
- 5. Measure contract performance of community-based care providers;
- 6. Provide contract oversight of community-based care providers;
- 7. Report outcomes of community-based care providers;



Senate Bill 1896, continued

- 8. Identify the employees and other resources to be transferred to the community-based care provider to provide the necessary implementation, case management, operational, and administrative functions and outline the methodology for determining the employees and resources to be transferred;
- 9. Create a risk-sharing funding model that strategically and explicitly balances financial risk between this state and the community-based care provider and mitigates the financial effects of significant unforeseen changes in the community-based care provider's duties or the population of the region it serves; and
- 10.Require the annual review and adjustment of the funding based on updates cost and finance methodologies, including changes in policy, foster care rates, and regional service



CBC Progress and Process Improvements

- Evaluate/discuss, review, plan
 - Discussion with staff, other states, providers, CASAs, judges, SSCCs, experts, and others
 - Visited regions, SSCCs, and attended conferences
 - Texas Tech University, Texas A&M University, University of Texas, and Chapin Hall
- Standardize and streamline processes
- Documenting and providing templates
- Planning for how CBC looks when rolled out
- Partnership/collaboration



SSCC Capacity Building Plan

- 1. Create new capacity for higher-needs adolescents
- 2. Engage top national programs in serving youth with complex needs
- 3. Specialized consultation and support for providers
- 4. Recruitment blitz for foster parents in SSCC regions
- 5. Support expansion of kinship and reunification services
- 6. Define the importance of a stable workforce in capacity building
- 7. Other individual projects



Community-Based Care Moving Forward

By 2023, 51% of Texas will be in at least Stage I community-based care

 Implementation - four Stage I and four Stage II for the next two biennium

By 2029, Texas will be 100% community-based care

Included in the SB 1896 charges, we are focused on the following:

- Family Based Safety Services SB910 Study
- Stage III
- Data Access and Standards Governance Council System Interoperability



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